

How Well Has the 1996 Farm Bill Worked?

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Looking Through the Fog

- Partisan politics dominated economic environment since passage of FAIR Act
- Public perception of Act has been shaped almost entirely by politics
- Act heavily criticized blamed for low prices, other ills of the farm sector - But, major features widely popular - proposed for continuation
- Today's task: How to explain the disparity? Answer lies in economics of the sector.

Review of 1990s Economic Performance

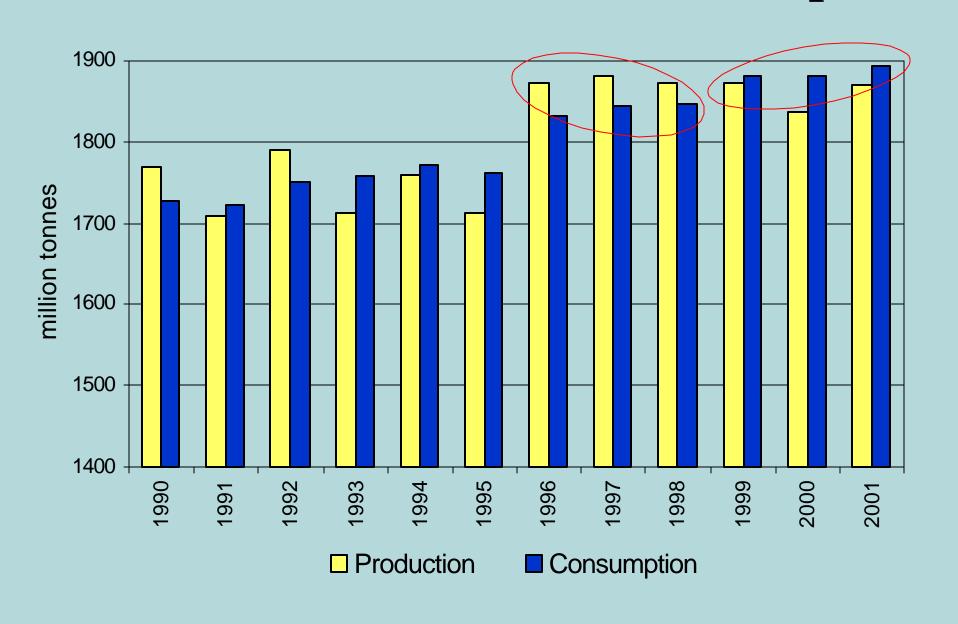
 Prolonged period of global economic growth - persistent growth in food demand

• Sporadic adverse weather reduced supplies

• Result: empty bins - record high prices

- FAIR Act passed in this boom time continued evolution begun in 1985
 - Ended old program strictures
 - Began assured payments
 - Continued marketing loan program
- Farmers worldwide responded to high prices supplies grew quickly 1996, 1997, 1998
- At same time, economic shock occurs important regional market collapses spreads
 to other regions demand slumps S/U
 imbalance worsens stocks build, prices fall

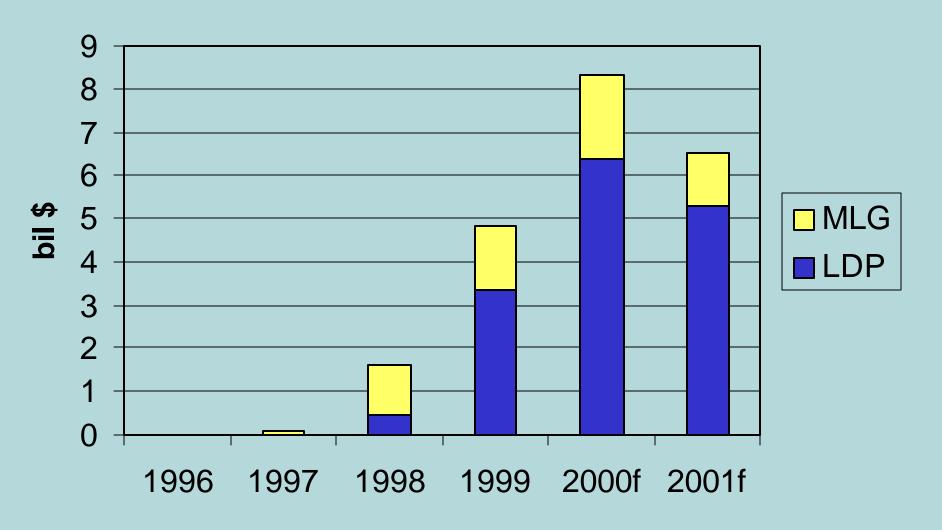
World Grain Production/Consumption



World Grain Stocks/Use



 Marketing Loan Program (guaranteed prices) come into play as a "safety net"



- Politics intensifies before 1998 election
 - Farm "crisis" talk begins
 - First ad hoc transfers authorized \$5.9 bil.
 - And again in 1999 (\$9.3 bil.) and 2000 (\$7.1 bil.)
- A "disconnect" becomes apparent
 - Low prices persist FAIR Act criticism intensifies
 - Yet: acreage/output grow
 land prices/cash rents increase
 sector balance sheet strengthens

- What explains this? Why no response to low prices?
 - Marketing loan program and farm sector structure
 - Loan rate levels relative to variable costs of commercial producers
 - Extra payments (\$22 bil.) "icing on the cake"
- Commercial farms (\$250k+ sales)
 - Higher yields lower unit costs
 - Higher realized prices
 - Have wider margins
 - Continue apace maintaining downward price pressure

- Lower prices used as justification for more federal assistance circularity
- Quandry how to end the cycle? How to define future policies?

- How well has the 1996 Farm Bill worked?
 - Depends on your concept of the bill
 - Direct (decoupled) payments full flexibility
 - Guaranteed prices no supply controls
 - Performance is explainable by economics
 - Analysis reminds us FAIR Act still a "one size fits all" approach - doesn't reflect the structural disparity of the sector
 - Probably now positioned to define a commercial ag/food policy apart from rural development/other policy



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